OT Mastery

Burnout in Occupational Therapy Practice

- 1. Which of the following is NOT considered a physical symptom of burnout?
- A. Muscle pain
- B. Stomach problems
- C. Trouble concentrating
- D. Difficulty sleeping

2. What is the main difference between stress and burnout?

- A. Stress causes physical discomfort, but burnout causes emotional discomfort
- B. Stress and burnout are the same
- C. Stress goes away after one day, but burnout can last for years
- D. Stress can last days or weeks, but burnout is long-term stress that will not go away unless it's addressed

3. What is NOT a cause of burnout?

- A. Poor OT schooling
- B. Type A personality
- C. Difficulty delegating tasks
- D. Poor staff resources

4. What is the difference between an organizational cause and an individual cause?

- A. Organizational causes are due to oppression and individual causes are due to neglect
- B. Organizational causes relate to the facility and individual causes stem from someone's personality, traits, and habits
- C. Organizational causes can never be fixed and individual causes can always be fixed
- D. Organizational causes stem from the government and individual causes stem from the person

5. Which of the following is TRUE regarding burnout?

- A. COVID-19 exacerbated burnout in many healthcare professions
- B. COVID-19 had no impact on burnout in occupational therapists
- C. Burnout began due to COVID-19
- D. Burnout and COVID are two entirely separate topics

6. What is the correct definition of burnout?

- A. When the electrical system in a hospital dies and they are without power
- B. Stress that is tied to a deadline, project, or work-related issue
- C. Extended periods of emotional, physical, and mental stress
- D. Lack of energy that is so dire that someone is unable to leave their bed

7. Which of the following is NOT a component of occupational burnout?

- A. Feelings of hopelessness and indifference toward your job
- B. Generalized exhaustion
- C. Mental distancing from one's job
- D. Maintaining productivity standards at work

8. The World Health Organization categorizes burnout as what?

- A. A client factor
- B. An occupational phenomenon
- C. A medical condition
- D. A health concern

9. Studies across the world that look at burnout in occupational therapists have found what?

- A. Burnout is not a term that exists in other countries or cultures outside of America
- B. Burnout is not an issue for OTs in other countries
- C. Burnout does not impact OT students, only practicing therapists
- D. Burnout is a widespread problem for OTs everywhere

10. What is one of the most evidence-based strategies that helps burnout?

- A. Getting promoted
- B. Mindfulness
- C. Self-care
- D. Switching jobs

11. What is NOT considered an organizational cause of burnout?

- A. Unclear expectations
- B. Little reward for your job
- C. Toxic workplace dynamics
- D. Perfectionism

12. What is NOT considered an individual cause of burnout?

- A. Being faced with ethical dilemmas
- B. Poor work-life balance
- C. Being a high achiever
- D. Pessimism

13. Studies about burnout during COVID-19 have found what common themes among occupational therapists in acute care?

- A. Little support from staff
- B. Weight of duty
- C. Pride in their profession
- D. All of the above

14. What are productivity standards?

- A. Personal reports of how productive therapists think they are each day
- B. Markers set by a facility to determine someone's progress toward goals
- C. Numbers that are given to insurance companies
- D. Ways to track what employees are doing

15. What is NOT a consequence of burnout?

- A. Procrastination
- B. Low sex drive
- C. Less rapport with patients
- D. High job performance

16. What is a way that therapists can improve their sleep to address burnout?

- A. Drinking small doses of caffeine throughout the day, rather than large cups
- B. Developing a sleep routine
- C. Watching short but relaxing videos before bed
- D. Use essential oils like lemon and spearmint

17. How can cotreatment help with burnout?

- A. Allows for better goal attainment in patients
- B. Improves collaboration
- C. Makes for easier scheduling
- D. All of the above

18. What is NOT a way that interdisciplinary committees can help burnout?

- A. Improves collaboration
- B. It offers you a forum for your voice to be heard
- C. It gives you a break from regular work
- D. These committees allow for experience in new areas/roles

19. What is NOT a time management strategy that helps with burnout?

- A. Using a timer to watch patient session minutes
- B. Setting SMART goals to identify priorities
- C. Doing point-of-service documentation
- D. Avoiding multitasking

20. Why might continuing education help address burnout?

- A. It is often paid for by your job
- B. It gives you more skills and more opportunities to explore
- C. It gives you more work to do
- D. It lets you open your own business

21. What soft skills can assist with your job as an OT?

- A. Role playing
- B. Problem-solving
- C. Communication
- D. Flexibility

22. Why can self-care help burnout?

- A. Self-care will make you happier in the short-term but it won't help you long-term
- B. It's the only evidence-based way to get rid of burnout entirely
- C. Self-care can help you manage emotions related to burnout, but not the root of the burnout itself
- D. Self-care helps the mind, so it will make you think more clearly at work

23. What is not a form of self-care that may help with the emotional aspect of burnout?

- A. Self-compassion
- B. Acceptance and committment therapy
- C. Positive affirmations
- D. Routines

24. What type of external support can help your burnout?

- A. Your coworker(s)
- B. Employee Assistance Programs
- C. A mental health counselor
- D. A mentor

25. Does someone with burnout need good boundaries?

- A. No; boundaries are only for people who don't want to work any longer
- B. No; boundaries will only alienate people around you
- C. Yes; boundaries will help you manage your workload better and ease some stress that may be causing burnout
- D. Yes; boundaries should be firmly set and strictly enforced, even if it means saying this to your boss

26. What is the best way to set appropriate boundaries?

- A. Tell people you are no longer there for them
- B. Learn how to say no
- C. Check work emails whenever you hear a notification
- D. Don't tell anyone what your needs and priorities are

27. What is a good way to add variety to your work?

- A. Changing practice settings
- B. Taking on new roles
- C. Switching shifts or buildings
- D. All of the above

28. Before you can address burnout, what is an important first step?

- A. Quit your job
- B. Identify your triggers
- C. Practice self-care
- D. Talk to your boss

29. What other types of burnout are there?

- A. Emotional burnout
- B. Caregiver burnout
- C. Compassion fatigue
- D. All of the above

30. What emotions are usually most commonly associated with burnout?

- A. Indifference
- B. Anger
- C. Hopelessness
- D. Both A & C

31. What groups of people are most affected by burnout?

- A. Single men
- B. Women with no children
- C. All groups are equally affected by burnout
- D. Those who are newly-graduated

32. What is one of the most common presentations of burnout?

- A. Absenteeism
- B. Emotional exhaustion
- C. Irritability at work
- D. Lack of hobbies

33. There is speculation over OTs being more at-risk for burnout than other healthcare professions. Why might this be?

- A. OTs can only work the day shift, where other providers may work nights
- B. An OT's job is mentally, physically, and emotionally taxing
- C. OTs work longer hours than other providers do
- D. OTs don't have as much flexibilty as other providers do

34. Why might unhealthy workplace dynamics cause burnout?

- A. Discrimination
- B. Lots of conflict
- C. Lack of respect
- D. All of the above

35. What is a consequence of burnout rather than a symptom?

- A. Poor productivity
- B. Feeling trapped by work
- C. Trouble with job duties
- D. Reduced creativity

36. How can personality tests help with burnout?

- A. They are a good distraction
- B. It can change your personality
- C. They can help you make friends with others
- D. They help you qualify for other jobs

37. How can lifestyle impact someone's burnout?

- A. Lifestyle doesn't impact burnout
- B. It can make their burnout worse or help them manage it
- C. It can prevent them from working due to lack of time
- D. It can cause them to need to work more due to excessive spending

38. What is not a good activity to do before bed to help enhance sleep?

- A. Eating dinner or snacks
- B. Journaling
- C. Watching TV
- D. Reading

39. What is a consideration to be aware of in regards to cotreatment?

- A. Not all insurances reimburse for cotreatment
- B. Cotreatment is allowed at all facilities
- C. Patients never like cotreatment
- D. Cotreatment is not a good scheduling option

40. What is NOT a good way to approach meetings to help minimize burnout?

- A. Assign meeting roles
- B. Delineate clear action points by the end
- C. Have a set agenda
- D. Let everyone take a turn speaking, no matter what

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